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Name of Prize	Recipient
(b) Five prizes of the value of Rs. 3 each to be awarded to the first 5 Jain candidates who passed the Vernacular L. S. Examination.	(1) Reg. No. 3821, Bhujabalaiya, K. N., Rural A.-V. School, Yelekyatanahalli, Nelamangala Taluk. (2) Reg. No. 5087, Anantharajaiya, M., V. E. Boys' School, Adalagere, Gubbi Taluk. (3) Reg. No. 6721, Padmanabhaiya, S. D., Govt. A.-V. School, Sravanabelagola, Channarayapatna Taluk. (4) Reg. No. 6718, Nabhirajaiya, S., Govt. A.-V. School, Sravanabelagola, Channarayapatna Taluk. (5) Reg. No. 6719, Bharmaiya, G., Govt. A.-V. School Sravanabelagola, Channarayapatna Taluk.
6. The Weir Prize— A prize of the value of Rs. 6 to be awarded to a successful candidate who has scored the highest number of marks in Elementary Mathematics at the L. S. Examination.	Reg. No. 1235, Raghavachar, K. S., Govt. A.-V. School, Chintamani.
7. Sow. Lakshmidevamma's Prize— A prize of a Silver Cup of the value of Rs. 10. to be awarded to a Devanga or other Girl candidate who passed the Kannada L. S. Examination with the highest number of marks.	Reg. No. 4026, Lakshmidevamma, R., Vani Vilas Institute, Fort, Bangalore.
8. Saligrama Padmarajaiya's Prize— A prize of the value of Rs. 3 to be awarded to a Jain candidate, who passed the L. S. Examination with the highest number of marks from the Govt. A.-V. School, Saligrama.	Reg. No. 6736, Dharanendra, S. P., Govt. A.-V. School, Saligrama.
9. Mr. Ramabhadraiya's Prize— A prize of the value of Rs. 10 to be awarded to a Devanga or other male candidate who passed the L. S. Examination with the highest number of marks.	Reg. No. 5382, Ammannaiya, D. T., Rural A.-V. School, Dadinaykanapalya, Goribidnur Taluk.

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Offg. Inspector-General of Education.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

753 T. A.-D. A.—2085.

To

All Drawing Officers and Treasury Officers.

Adverting to Government Order No. Fl. 2263-319—G. F. 53-21-1, dated 13th October 1921, directing that in claiming the pay of new employees for the first month, the drawing officers should certify that they have received satisfactory evidence of age from the officials and have entered the same in their Service Registers along with other particulars, has the honor to prescribe the following two additional certificates for insertion in the establishment Pay Bills :—

"1. Certified that in the case of new employees for whom pay has been drawn for the first time in this bill, satisfactory evidence of age has been received from them, and that the same has been entered in their Service Registers along with other particulars."

2. Certified that there are no new employees for whom pay has been drawn for the first time in this bill."

In any month in which there are no new employees for whom pay is drawn, the second certificate will be retained and the first scored out. The Treasury Officers will see that one of the two certificates is invariably furnished in the establishment pay bills before paying them. The certificates should be recorded in manuscript till the establishment pay bill forms are revised and supplied with the above certificates printed in them.

645 *Circular No.* 212 *Sl., dated* 26*th November* 1921.

Several instances having come to notice of persons who have lost State Loan Bonds or other Government Securities applying direct to this office for issue of fresh bonds without following the procedure to be adopted on loss of Government Securities, the undersigned has the honor to note below for the information of the public the procedure to be adopted in such cases (*vide* articles 383-389, Mysore Account Code, Volume I). The attention of the District and Taluk Treasury Officers is also invited to these rules.

T. SATYARAJ CHETTY,
Comptroller.

Procedure on Loss of Securities.

383. (i) The loss or destruction of a promissory note shall be notified in the first instance by a letter addressed to the Comptroller; such letter shall contain the following particulars:—

(1) Particulars of the note according to the following form:—
Promissory Note for Rs.....No.....of the.....per cent, Mysore State Loan of.....
(2) Last half-year for which interest has been paid.
(3) To whom paid.
(4) Name of the person in whose name the note was issued (if known).
(5) Where enfaced at present.
(6) The circumstances attending the loss.
(7) Whether the loss was reported to the Police.

The above letter shall be accompanied by:—

(*a*) The Post Office Registry Receipt for the letter containing the note if the same was lost in transmission by post.
(*b*) The Police report, if any, can be obtained.
(*c*) A letter signed by the officer of the Treasury, where interest was last paid certifying the last payment of interest made on the note and to whom the payment was made.
(*d*) If the applicant is not the last registered holder, all documentary evidence necessary to trace back the title to the last registered holder.
(*e*) Any portion or fragment which may remain of the lost or destroyed note.

(ii) A duplicate copy of the letter to the Comptroller must also be sent to the treasury where interest is payable.

384. The loss or destruction of a promissory note shall be further notified by an advertisement both in English and Kannada, which the applicant for a duplicate note shall cause to be inserted in three successive issues of the *Mysore Gazette*. Such notification shall be in the form following, or as near thereto as the circumstances will admit:—

Lost or destroyed (as the case may be).

The Mysore Government Promissory Note No.....of the.. ....per cent loan of.....for Rs.....originally standing in the name of.....and last endorsed to the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost (or destroyed) notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereon have been stopped by the Comptroller to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favor of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of advertiser.
Residence.

385. At the expiration of six months from the date of the insertion of the last advertisement, the Comptroller, if satisfied of the loss or destruction of a portion of a note and of the justice of the claim of the applicant, and if a sufficient portion for the identification of the note so lost or destroyed shall have been produced, shall, upon the execution of such bond of indemnity (with or without sureties) as is hereinafter mentioned, issue to the applicant a duplicate note in lieu of that so lost or destroyed as aforesaid. If, however, no portion or no sufficient portion of the note so lost or destroyed shall have been produced as aforesaid, at the expiration of two years from the date of the insertion of such last advertisement, the Comptroller shall, if satisfied as aforesaid, pass an order directing the treasury where interest is to be made payable upon the execution of such bond of indemnity as is

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hereinafter mentioned to pay the applicant interest in respect of the note so lost or destroyed pending the issue of a duplicate note and also shall, at the expiration of six years from the date of the publication of the list in which the lost or destroyed security is first mentioned, if no reason to the contrary appear, issue to the applicant (on his executing and procuring the execution by two sureties of such indemnity bond as is hereinafter mentioned should the same be deemed necessary by the Comptroller), a duplicate note in lieu of that so lost or destroyed as aforesaid.

386. The Comptroller may, within six years of the date of an order passed by him under the preceding rule, if he finds sufficient reason, alter or cancel such order and may also require that the interval before the issue of a duplicate note be extended to twelve years, or such shorter period not being less than six years, as he may think fit.

387. Indemnity bonds when taken on the issue of a duplicate note or notes shall be for twice the amount of such note or notes and when taken on the issue of orders for payment of interest shall be for twice the amount of interest involved, that is to say, twice the aggregate amount of all back interest accrued due on the note, plus twice the amount of all interest to accrue due thereon during the six years which will have to elapse before the issue of a duplicate note can be made. In simple cases such bonds may be issued by the Comptroller in a printed form prescribed by Government. No fee will be chargeable if a bond does not exceed in amount Rs. 500, but on bonds for higher amounts a fee of Rs. 5 for every Rs. 1,000, or part of Rs. 1,000, will be charged, provided that no fee for any one bond so issued shall exceed in amount Rs. 30. If, however, the Comptroller considers that the circumstances of the case demand that a bond shall be specially prepared by the Government Advocate a fee of Rs. 32 shall be payable to that officer.

388. The list of securities lost or destroyed, referred to in Section 11 (3) of Regulation IX of 1894, in respect of which an order is made for payment of interest pending the issue of duplicate security, or for the issue of such duplicate security, shall be advertised half-yearly in the *Mysore Gazette*, in the months of January and July or as soon afterwards as may be convenient. All securities in respect of which an order has been passed as aforesaid shall be included in the first list published next after the passing of such order and shall continue to be advertised every half-year until the expiration of six years from the date of first publication or from the date of the last payment of interest on the original securities, whichever is the later date. Such list shall contain the following particulars, *viz.*, the name of the loan and number of the lost note, its value, in whose name it was issued, from what date it bears interest, the name of the claimant for a duplicate, the number and date of the order passed by the Comptroller for payment of interest or issue of a duplicate and the date of publication of the list in which such security was first mentioned.

389. In the case of Government of India notes, the loss should be advertised in three successive issues of the *Gazette of India* and of the Local Government *Gazette* and the applicant should address the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal on the subject fully detailing the circumstances attending the loss of the note, the date and the pages of the *Gazette of India* in which his notice appeared, and at the same time furnishing any proof he may possess of the note having been his property. He should also furnish a copy of this communication to the treasury at which interest is payable.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Memo dated 26th November 1921.

All Savings Bank Depositors holding their accounts in the Tumkur District Treasury are requested to present their pass books in the abovenamed Treasury for adding interest for the year 1920-21.

S. REUBEN,
Treasury Officer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE IN MYSORE.

Dated 30th November 1921.

ORDER No. 289.

Mr. M. G. Singrachar, Agricultural Engineer, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days from 3rd December to 17th December 1921 (both days inclusive).

LESLIE C. COLEMAN,
Director of Agriculture.